## UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 8-K
CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): AUGUST 4, 2004

CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Commission File Number 000-20202

MICHIGAN
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

25505 W. TWELVE MILE ROAD, SUITE 3000 SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

38-1999511
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (248) 353-2700

ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.
(c) Exhibits.
99.1 Press Release dated August 4, 2004

ITEM 12. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.
On August 4, 2004, Credit Acceptance Corporation (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004. The press release, dated August 4, 2004, is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Form 8-K.

The financial information included in the press release includes a presentation of net income excluding certain items, in addition to the presentation of the Company's reported net income. The Company believes this information is helpful to investors in measuring the performance of the business, in that excluding the impact of certain items more accurately reflects the financial performance of the business and allows shareholders to better compare results between periods and make more informed assumptions about future results.

The financial information included in the press release also includes an adjusted return on capital analysis, which provides an additional perspective on the financial performance of the Company. The Company believes this information provides a useful measurement of how effectively the Company is utilizing its capital.

Finally, the financial information included in the press release includes a presentation of adjusted economic profit. Management uses adjusted economic profit to assess the Company's performance and the amount of value created for shareholders as well as to make capital allocation decisions. The Company believes this information is important to shareholders because it allows shareholders to compare the returns earned by the Company investing capital in its business with the return they could expect if the Company returned capital to shareholders and they invested in other securities.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION
(Registrant)
By: /s/ Kenneth S. Booth
Kenneth S. Booth
Chief Accounting Officer
August 6, 2004

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

## NEWS RELEASE

| INVESTOR RELATIONS: | DOUGLAS W. BUSK |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | TREASURER |
|  | $(248) 353-2700$ EXT. 432 |
|  | IR@CREDITACCEPTANCE.COM |
| NASDAQ SYMBOL: |  |
|  |  |

CREDIT ACCEPTANCE ANNOUNCES: - 2ND QUARTER EARNINGS

Southfield, Michigan -- August 4, 2004-- Credit Acceptance Corporation (NASDAQ: CACC) Credit Acceptance Corporation (the "Company") announced consolidated net income for the three months ended June 30,2004 of $\$ 12,606,000$ or $\$ 0.30$ per diluted share compared to $\$ 1,008,000$ or $\$ 0.02$ per diluted share for the same period in 2003. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, consolidated net income was $\$ 14,136,000$ or $\$ 0.34$ per diluted share compared to $\$ 9,601,000$ or $\$ 0.23$ per diluted share for the same period in 2003.

The increase in consolidated net income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003 was primarily due to: (i) the United Kingdom impairment expenses recognized during the second quarter of 2003, (ii) an increase in the size of the loan portfolio due to an increase in loan originations, (iii) an increase in the average annualized yield on the loan portfolio due to a decrease in the percentage of non-accrual loans to total loans, and (iv) a decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of revenue due to increased operational efficiencies. Partially offsetting these items was a decrease in ancillary product income due to the Company's change in policy during the first quarter of 2004 for recognizing income on third-party vehicle service contracts sold.

The increase in consolidated net income for the six months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003 was primarily due to: (i) the United Kingdom impairment expenses recognized during the second quarter of 2003, (ii) an increase in the size of the loan portfolio due an increase in loan originations, and (iii) a decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of revenue due to increased operational efficiencies. Partially offsetting these items were: (i) an increase in the provision for credit losses due to the Company's change in
estimate during the first quarter of 2004 for recording losses on its loan portfolio and the Company's revised methodology during the first quarter of 2004 for calculating finance charge income and the related provision for earned but unpaid servicing fees and (ii) a decrease in ancillary product income due to the Company's change in policy during the first quarter of 2004 for recognizing income on third-party vehicle service contracts sold.

Excluding the impact of certain items, consolidated adjusted net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 was $\$ 13,047,000$ or $\$ 0.32$ per diluted share and $\$ 24,048,000$ or $\$ 0.58$ per diluted share, respectively, compared to $\$ 7,933,000$ or $\$ 0.19$ per diluted share and $\$ 15,441,000$ or $\$ 0.36$ per diluted share for the same periods in 2003.

The increase in consolidated adjusted net income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003 was primarily due to: (i) an increase in the size of the loan portfolio due an increase in loan originations, (ii) an increase in the average annualized yield on the loan portfolio due to a decrease in the percentage of non-accrual loans to total loans, and (iii) a decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of revenue due to increased operational efficiencies. The increase in consolidated adjusted net income for the six months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003 is primarily due to: (i) an increase in the size of the loan portfolio due to an increase in loan originations, (ii) a decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of revenue due to increased operational efficiencies, and (iii) a decrease in the provision for credit losses inherent in the loan portfolio due to a favorable trend in loss estimates during 2004.

## RECONCILIATION OF REPORTED NET INCOME TO ADJUSTED NET INCOME

The Company's reported net income includes certain items set forth in the table below that the Company believes should be excluded or adjusted in measuring the performance of the business when comparing current period results with the same period in the prior year. Management believes this information is important because it allows shareholders to better compare results between periods and make more informed assumptions about future results. In addition, the Company uses adjusted net income for performance purposes in determining bonus compensation paid under the Company's incentive compensation plans. The following table reconciles reported net income to adjusted net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003:
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Reported net income
Inclusion of dealer holdback in estimate of losses on the loan portfolio (1)
Revised methodology for recognizing finance charges (1)
Foreign exchange gain due to forward contracts (2)
United Kingdom impairment expenses (3)
Interest income from Internal Revenue Service (3)
Net income excluding certain items
Change in vehicle service contract revenue if new policy had been retroactively applied (4)

Adjusted net income
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding
Adjusted net income per diluted share

| THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2004 |  | 2003 |  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  |
| \$ | 12,606 | \$ | 1,008 | \$ | 14,136 | \$ | 9,601 |
|  | - |  | - |  | 6,110 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 2,282 |  | - |
|  | (590) |  | - |  | (688) |  | - |
|  | - |  | 7,238 |  | - |  | 7,238 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (400) |
| \$ | 12,016 | \$ | 8,246 | \$ | 21,840 | \$ | 16,439 |
|  | 1,031 |  | (313) |  | 2,208 |  | (998) |
| \$ | 13,047 | \$ | 7,933 | \$ | 24,048 | \$ | 15,441 |
|  | 413,308 |  | 8,265 |  | 790,255 |  | 42,629,844 |
| \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.19 | \$ | 0.58 | \$ | 0.36 |

(1) These items represent changes in estimates or changes in methodology that impact the current year. While these changes impacted the accounting for finance charges and the allowance for credit losses during the first quarter of 2004, the timing of cash flows generated from loan collections has not changed. Refer to Note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Form 10-Q for further information.
(2) This item represents a current year gain which is offset by a reduction in shareholders' equity due to the decline in value of foreign currency denominated assets.
(3) The Company expects items of this type to be infrequent.
(4) This adjustment allows the reader to compare the current year to the prior year assuming a consistent accounting treatment of vehicle service contract revenue. While the accounting treatment of vehicle service contract revenue changed as a result of facts arising in the first quarter of 2004, the timing of cash flows generated from vehicle service contract revenue has not materially changed under the agreements entered into during the first quarter. Refer to Note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Form 10-Q for further information.

SEGMENT INFORMATION
(Dollars in thousands,
except per share data)

REPORTED NET INCOME (LOSS)
United States
United Kingdom
Automobile Leasing Other

Consolidated

| 2004 |  | 2003 |  | \% Change |  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 12,341 | \$ | 8,703 | 41.8 | \% | \$ | 13,444 | \$ | 16,181 | (16.9)\% |
|  | 186 |  | $(7,594)$ | 102.4 |  |  | 412 |  | $(6,288)$ | 106.6 |
|  | 233 |  | (153) | 252.3 |  |  | 537 |  | (468) | 214.7 |
|  | (154) |  | 52 | (396.2) |  |  | (257) |  | 176 | (246.0) |
| \$ | 12,606 | \$ | 1,008 | 1,150.6 | \% | \$ | 14,136 | \$ | 9,601 | 47.2 \% |
| \$ | 0.29 | \$ | 0.20 | 45.0 | \% | \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.39 | (15.4)\% |
|  | - |  | (0.18) | 100.0 |  |  | 0.01 |  | (0.15) | 106.7 |
|  | 0.01 |  | - | 0.0 |  |  | 0.01 |  | (0.01) | 200.0 |
|  | - |  | - | 0.0 |  |  | (0.01) |  | (0.01) | 0.0 |
| \$ | 0.30 | \$ | 0.02 | 1,400.0 | \% | \$ | 0.34 | \$ | 0.23 | 47.8 \% |

LOAN ORIGINATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

| (Dollars in thousands) | THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |  | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  | \% CHANGE | 2004 |  | 2003 |  | \% CHANGE |
| Loan originations | \$ | 215,103 |  | 184, 079 | 16.9 \% | \$ | 514,399 |  | 398,359 | 29.1 \% |
| Number of loans originated |  | 17,268 |  | 14,736 | 17.2 |  | 41,109 |  | 32,942 | 24.8 |
| Number of active dealer-partners (1) |  | 899 |  | 677 | 32.8 |  | 958 |  | 721 | 32.9 |
| Loans per active dealer-partner |  | 19.2 |  | 21.8 | (11.8) |  | 42.9 |  | 45.7 | (6.1) |
| Average loan size | \$ | 12.5 | \$ | 12.5 |  | \$ | 12.5 | \$ | 12.1 | 3.5 |

(1) Active dealer-partners are dealer-partners who submitted at least one loan during the period.

The following table compares the Company's forecast of collection rates for loans originated by year as of June 30, 2004 with the forecast as of December 31, 2003:

| Loan Origination Year | ```June 30, 2004 Forecasted Collection %``` | December 31, 2003 <br> Forecasted Collection \% | Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1992 | 81.6\% | 81.5\% | 0.1\% |
| 1993 | 75.8\% | 75.7\% | 0.1\% |
| 1994 | 61.9\% | 61.8\% | 0.1\% |
| 1995 | 55.1\% | 55. $2 \%$ | -0.1\% |
| 1996 | 55.2\% | 55.3\% | -0.1\% |
| 1997 | 58.1\% | 58.1\% | 0.0\% |
| 1998 | 67.2\% | 67.2\% | 0.0\% |
| 1999 | 71.5\% | 71.5\% | 0.0\% |
| 2000 | 71.7\% | 71.7\% | 0.0\% |
| 2001 | 66.7\% | 67.0\% | -0.3\% |
| 2002 | 68.9\% | 69.4\% | -0.5\% |
| 2003 | 73.2\% | 72.8\% | 0.4\% |

The Company made no material changes in credit policy or pricing in the second quarter of 2004 , other than routine changes designed to maintain current profitability levels.

The following summarizes the amount of estimated future loan payment inflows and dealer holdback outflows:

| (IN THOUSANDS) | ESTIMATE AS OF <br> JUNE 30, 2004 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan payments | \$ | 827,532 |
| Dealer holdback payments |  | 213,453 |
| Net cash flow | \$ | 614,079 |

These estimated cash flows will occur over time. The estimated present value of these net cash flows is $\$ 494.3$ million utilizing a discount rate of $30 \%$, comparable with the rate used to calculate the Company's allowance for credit losses under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP).

The estimated present value of future cash flows from loans, less the related dealer holdback liability, is approximately $\$ 40.3$ million higher than the adjusted net investment in loans on our balance sheet calculated as follows:
Consolidated loans receivable, net

| \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 939,748 \\ & 475,415 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 464,333 \\ (17,167) \\ 6,795 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 453,961 |
|  | 494,282 |
| \$ | 40,321 |

There are two primary reasons why the Company's recorded net investment in loans receivable is less than the present value of future cash flows. First, under GAAP, while the Company records an allowance for credit losses for any dealer-partner loan pool that exceeds the present value of future cash flows, the Company does not "write-up" loan pools carried at less than the present value of future cash flows. Second, under GAAP, the Company records recoveries as they are received. Recoveries consist of collections on previously charged off receivables. The present value of future recoveries is included in the estimated cash flow numbers above, but is not yet reflected in the Company's reported GAAP results.

The Company cautions that the above disclosure is based upon a forecast. While the Company believes its forecast is based on reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that the Company's forecast will be accurate. While the table above presents the difference between the recorded net investment and the estimated present value of future cash flows as a single number, a wide range of actual results is possible. Given the large dollar amount of the estimated present value of future cash flows, a modest percentage change in our forecast would likely result in a large change in the reported variance between our recorded net investment and the estimated present value of future cash flows.

ADJUSTED RETURN ON CAPITAL
(Dollars in thousands)

|  | THREE MONTHS ENDEDJUNE 30, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2004 |  | 2003 |  |
| \$ | 164,338 | \$ | 101, 821 |
|  | 314,255 |  | 336,740 |
| \$ | 478,593 | \$ | 438,561 |


| SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 004 | 2003 |  |
| \$ | 145,580 | \$ | 101,147 |
|  | 321,425 |  | 332,798 |
| \$ | 467,005 | \$ | 433,945 |

Adjusted return on capital is equal to adjusted net operating profit after-tax (adjusted net income plus interest expense after-tax) divided by average capital as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  |
| Adjusted net income | \$ | 13,047 | \$ | 7,933 | \$ | 24,048 | \$ | 15,441 |
| Interest expense after-tax |  | 1,542 |  | 911 |  | 3,232 |  | 1,948 |
| Adjusted net operating profit after-tax |  | 14,589 |  | 8,844 |  | 27,280 |  | 17,389 |
| Average capital | \$ | 478,593 | \$ | 438,561 | \$ | 467,005 | \$ | 433,945 |
| Adjusted return on capital |  | 12.2\% |  | 8.1\% |  | 11.7\% |  | 8.0\% |

## ADJUSTED ECONOMIC PROFIT

The Company defines adjusted economic profit as adjusted net operating profit after-tax less an imputed cost of equity. Adjusted economic profit measures how efficiently the Company utilizes its total capital, both debt and equity. To consider the cost of both debt and equity, the Company's calculation of adjusted economic profit deducts from adjusted net income a cost of equity equal to $10 \%$ of average equity, which approximates the S\&P 500's rate of return since 1965. Management uses economic profit to assess the Company's performance as well as to make capital allocation decisions. Management believes this information is important to shareholders because it allows shareholders to compare the returns earned by the Company investing capital in its core business with the return they could expect if the Company returned capital to shareholders and they invested in other securities.

The following table presents the calculation of the Company's adjusted economic profit (loss) for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

|  | FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  | FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  |
| ADJUSTED ECONOMIC PROFIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted net income (1) | \$ | 13,047 | \$ | 7,933 | \$ | 24,048 | \$ | 15,441 |
| Imputed cost of equity at 10\% (2) |  | $(7,856)$ |  | $(8,419)$ |  | $(16,071)$ |  | $(16,640)$ |
| Total adjusted economic profit (loss) | \$ | 5,191 | \$ | (486) | \$ | 7,977 | \$ | $(1,199)$ |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding |  | 41,413,308 |  | 42,868,265 |  | 790,255 |  | 42,629,844 |
| Adjusted economic profit (loss) per share (3) | \$ | 0.13 | \$ | (0.01) |  | 0.19 |  | (0.03) |

(1) Adjusted net income from the Reconciliation of Reported Net Income to Adjusted Net Income
(2) Cost of equity is equal to $10 \%$ (on an annual basis) of average shareholders' equity, which was $\$ 314,255,000$ and $\$ 321,425,000$ for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and $\$ 336,740,000$ and $\$ 332,798,000$ for the same periods in 2003.
(3) Adjusted economic profit (loss) per share equals the adjusted economic profit (loss) divided by the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding.

Refer to the Company's Form 10-Q, which will be filed today with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and will appear on the Company's website at Www.creditacceptance.com for a complete discussion of the results of operations and financial data for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004.

The Company announced a new policy for handling requests for corporate information, including questions by security analysts and investors. Effective immediately, all requests must be submitted in writing. Requests can be mailed to: Credit Acceptance, Attention: Investor Relations, 25505 West Twelve Mile Road, Suite 3000, Southfield, MI 48034, or sent by email to ir@creditacceptance.com.

Written responses will be posted on the investor relations section of our corporate website at www.creditacceptance.com and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 8-K.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION
Certain statements in this release that are not historical facts, such as those using terms like "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "assumptions," "forecasts," "estimates" and those regarding the Company's future plans and objectives, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements represent the Company's outlook only as of the date of this release. While the Company believes that its forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially since the statements are based on current expectations, which are subject to risks and uncertainties. Factors that might cause such a difference include the following:

- the Company's potential inability to accurately forecast and estimate the amount and timing of future collections,
- increased competition from traditional financing sources and from non-traditional lenders,
- the unavailability of funding at competitive rates of interest,
- the Company's potential inability to continue to obtain third party financing on favorable terms,
- the Company's potential inability to generate sufficient cash flow to service its debt and fund its future operations,
- adverse changes in applicable laws and regulations,
- adverse changes in economic conditions,
- adverse changes in the automobile or finance industries or in the non-prime consumer finance market,
- the Company's potential inability to maintain or increase the volume of automobile loans,
- an increase in the amount or severity of litigation against the Company,
- the loss of key management personnel,
- the effect of terrorist attacks and potential attacks, and
- various other factors discussed in the Company's reports
filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
Other factors not currently anticipated by management may also materially and adversely affect the Company's results of operations. The Company does not undertake, and expressly disclaims any obligation, to update or alter its statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

Since 1972, Credit Acceptance has provided auto loans to consumers, regardless of their credit history. Our product is offered through a nationwide network of automobile dealers who benefit by selling vehicles to consumers who otherwise could not obtain financing, by repeat and referral sales generated by these same customers, and from sales to customers responding to advertisements for our product, but who actually end up qualifying for traditional financing.

Without our product, consumers are often unable to purchase a vehicle or they purchase an unreliable one and are not provided the opportunity to improve their credit standing. As we report to the three national credit reporting agencies, a significant number of our customers improve their lives by improving their credit score and move on to more traditional sources of financing. Credit Acceptance is publicly traded on the NASDAQ National Market under the symbol CACC. For more information, visit www.creditacceptance.com.

CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

REVENUE:
Finance charges
Ancillary product income
Lease revenue
Other income
Total revenue

COSTS AND EXPENSES:
Salaries and wages
General and administrative
Provision for credit losses
Sales and marketing
Interest
Stock-based compensation expense
United Kingdom asset impairment
Other expense
Total costs and expenses
Operating income
Foreign exchange gain
Income before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes

Net income
Net income per common share:
Basic
Diluted

Weighted average shares outstanding:
Basic
Diluted


## CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)
AS OF

## ASSETS:

Cash and cash equivalents
Loans receivable
Allowance for credit losses
Loans receivable, net
Notes, lines of credit and floorplan receivables, net (including \$1,617 and \$1, 583
from affiliates as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively)
Investment in operating leases, net
Property and equipment, net
Income taxes receivable
Other assets
Total Assets

## LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

## LIABILITIES:

Lines of credit
Secured financing
Mortgage note and capital lease obligations
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
Dealer holdbacks, net
Deferred income taxes, net
Total Liabilities
\$

| \$ | 28,364 | \$ | 36,044 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 976,315 |  | 875,417 |
|  | $(36,567)$ |  | $(17,615)$ |
|  | 939,748 |  | 857,802 |
|  | 6,073 |  | 6,562 |
|  | 1,888 |  | 4,447 |
|  | 19,177 |  | 18,503 |
|  | 7,458 |  | 5,795 |
|  | 14,646 |  | 14,627 |
| \$ | 1,017,354 | \$ | 943,780 |


| \$ | 30,600 | \$ | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 130,428 |  | 100,000 |
|  | 10,254 |  | 6,467 |
|  | 36,481 |  | 33,117 |
|  | 475,415 |  | 423,861 |
|  | 13,820 |  | 24,529 |
|  | 696,998 |  | 587,974 |

HAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued
Common stock, \$ . 01 par value, 80,000,000 shares authorized, 39,244,203 and $42,128,087$ shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively
Paid-in capital
Retained earnings
Accumulated other comprehensive income - cumulative translation adjustment
Total Shareholders' Equity
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

|  | 392 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 76,394 |
|  | 241,175 |
|  | 2,395 |
|  | 320,356 |
| \$ | 1,017,354 |

421
125, 078
227,039
3, 268
355, 806
\$ 943,780
$=============$

